

NĀM _____

TĀRĪX _____

NOUNS — SINGULAR TO PLURAL

MASCULINE NOUNS

TYPE I: ek laṛkā → do laṛke

TYPE II: ek ādmī → do ādmī

SCORE: ____ / 32 points

- I. Write the plural versions of the following sentences in Urdu. ALL of the nouns in this section are **masculine**. (16 Points)

Examples

ek laṛkā hai.

There is one boy.

do laṛke hai.

There are two boys.

ek ādmī hai.

There is one man.

do ādmī hai.

There are two men.

1. ek baccā hai.

_____.

2. ek pañkhā hai.

_____.

3. ek bistar hai.

_____.

4. ek makān hai.

_____.

5. ek beṭā hai. _____.
6. ek darvāzā hai. _____.
7. ek xayāl hai. _____.
8. ek kamrā hai. _____.

FEMININE NOUNS

TYPE I:	ek laṛkī	→	do laṛkiyā̃
TYPE II:	ek aurat	→	do auratē

II. Write the plural versions of the following sentences in Urdu. ALL of the nouns in this section are **feminine**. (16 Points)

Examples

ek laṛkī hai.

There is one girl.

do laṛkiyā̃ hai.

There are two girls.

ek aurat hai.

There is one woman.

do auratē hai.

There are two women.

1. ek kursī hai. _____.
2. ek zabān hai. _____.

3. ek gārī hai. _____.

4. ek guṛiyā hai. _____.

5. ek bahan hai. _____.

6. ek khiṛkī hai. _____.

7. ek beṭī hai. _____.

8. ek kitāb hai. _____.

GLOSSARY

baccā (m) - child

pañkhā (m) - fan

bistar (m) - bed

makān (m) - house

beṭā (m) - son

darvāzā (m) - door

xayāl (m) - opinion

kamrā (m) - room

kursī (f) - chair

zabān (f) - language

gārī (f) - car

guṛiyā (f) - doll

bahan (f) - sister

khiṛkī (f) - window

beṭī (f) - daughter

kitāb (f) - book